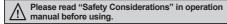
Full metal, Cylindrical, Long Sensing Distance, Cable Type Proximity Sensor

NEW

Features

- Long sensing distance
 (1.5 to 2 times longer sensing distance guaranteed compared to existing models)
- High impact and wear resistance to friction with the work or metallic brush (sensing face/housing material: stainless steel)
- Reduced possibility of malfunction by aluminum scraps
- Excellent noise immunity with specialized sensor IC
- Built-in surge protection circuit and output short over current protection circuit
- Stability indicator (greed LED) and operation indicator (red LED)
 excellent visibility with the 360° ring type indicator
- Equipped with the oil resistant cable
- Protection structure: IP67 (IEC standard)





Durability Test

High resistance to the impact of removing Welding sludge attached to the sensing face

Ocontinuous hitting test



Test conditions

Hitting object: 1.3kg of weight Hitting speed: 48 times per 1 min

The number of hitting times: 300 thousand times

Test model: PRFDT18



<Test result>

Metallic brush test



Test conditions

Testing object: stainless cup brush Rotation speed: 80RPM Testing time: 3 hours Test model: PRFDT18



<Test result>

■ Effect of Aluminum Scraps

When aluminum scraps are attached or stacked at sensing side, the proximity sensor does not detect and sensing signal is OFF. However, the below cases may occur to sensing signal. In this case, remove the scraps.

(1) When the size of aluminum scraps (d) is bigger than 2/3 of the sensing side size (D)



Siz	D (mm)
PRFD12	10
PRFD18	16
PRFD30	28

(2) When aluminum scraps are attached on the sensing side by external pressure



Full metal, Cylindrical, Long Sensing Distance, Cable Type

Specifications

• DC 2-wire type

Model	PRFDT12-3DO-V	PRFDT18-7DO-V	PRFDT30-12DO-V		
Diameter of sensing side	12mm	18mm	30mm		
Sensing distance*1	3mm	7mm	12mm		
Installation	Shield (flush)				
Hysteresis	Max. 15% of sensing distance				
Standard sensing target	12×12×1mm (iron)	30×30×1mm (iron)	54×54×1mm (iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 2.1mm	0 to 4.9mm	0 to 8.4mm		
Power supply (operating voltage)	12-24VDC== (10-30VDC==)				
Leakage current	Max. 0.8mA				
Response frequency ^{*2}	80Hz	80Hz	50Hz		
Residual voltage	Max. 3.5VDC==				
Affection by Temp.	Max. ±20% for sensing distance at ambient temperature 20°C				
Control output	Max. 3 to 100mA				
Insulation resistance	Over 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)				
Dielectric strength	1,000VAC 50/60Hz for 1 min				
Vibration	1.5mm amplitude at frequency 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours				
Shock	1,000m/s ² (approx. 100G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 10 times				
Indicator	Stability indicator: green LED, Operation indicator: red LED				
Environ Ambient temperature	-25 to 70°C, storage: -25 to 70°C				
-ment Ambient humidity	35 to 95%RH, storage: 35 to 95%RH				
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, output short over current protection circuit				
Protection	IP67 (IEC standard)				
Cable ^{*3}	Ø5mm, 2-wire, 2m ^{×4} (AWG22, core diameter: 0.08mm, no. of cores: 60, insulator diameter: Ø1.25mm)				
Material	Case/Nut: stainless steel 303(SUS 303), washer: stainless steel 304(SUS 304), sensing side: stainless steel 303 (SUS 303, thickness of PRFDT12/18: 0.4mm, PRFDT30: 0.5mm), oil resistant cable (gray): oil resistant polyvinyl chloride (PVC)				
Appoval	CE				
Weight ^{*5}	Approx. 110g (approx. 83g)	Approx. 132g (approx. 97g)	Approx. 225g (approx. 170g)		

- X1: When using the nut which is not stainless steel 303 (SUS303) material such as brass, the sensing distance is variable.
- x2: The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.
- 3: Do not pull the cable with a tensile strength of 50N or over. It may result in fire due to the broken wire. When extending wire, use AWG22 cable or over within 200m.
- %4: Option is 5m.
- X5: The weight includes packaging. The weight in parenthesis is for unit only.
- *Environment resistance is rated at no freezing or condensation.

(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(B) Fiber Optic Sensors

(C) Door/Area Sensors

> (D) Proximity Sensors

(E) Pressure Sensors

> (F) Rotary

(G) Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets

(H) Temperature Controllers

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

> J) Counters

() imers

Meters

(M) Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters

(N) Display Units

(0)

(O) Sensor Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

(Q) Stepper Motors & Drivers

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

> (S) Field Network Devices

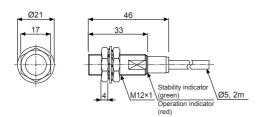
(T) Software

Autonics D-3

PRFD Series

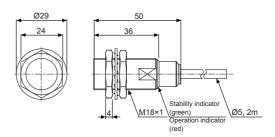
Dimensions

• PRFDT12-3DO-V

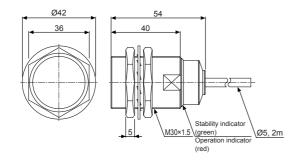


PRFDT18-7DO-V

(unit: mm)

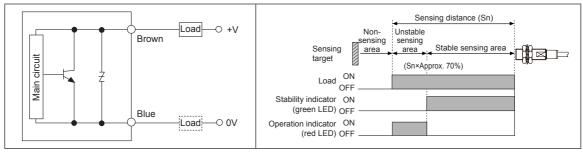


PRFDT30-12DO-V



Control Output Diagram & Load Operating

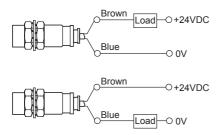
• DC 2-wire type



**When the sensing target is placed over approx. 70% of sensing distance (Sn), the operation indicator (red LED) turns ON. When the target is placed within approx. 70% of sensing distance (Sn), the stability indicator (green LED) turns ON. Use the sensor at the position where the stability indicator turns ON.

Connections

DC 2-wire type

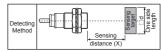


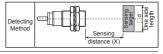
XLoad can be wired to any direction.

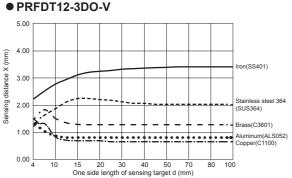
D-4 Autonics

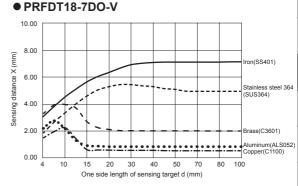
Full metal, Cylindrical, Long Sensing Distance, Cable Type

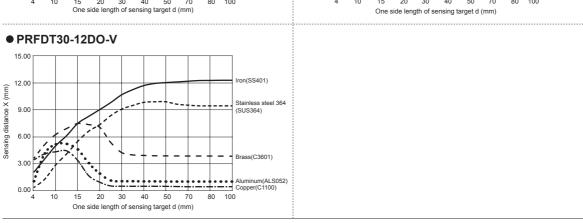
■ Sensing Distance Feature Data by Target **Material and Size**



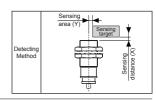


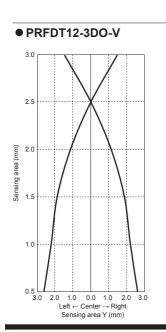


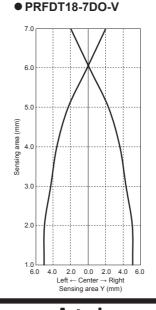


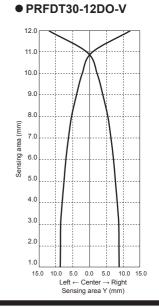


■ Sensing Distance Feature Data by Parallel (Left/Right) Movement









(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(C) Door/Area Sensors

(G) Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

Autonics

PRFD Series

Proper Usage

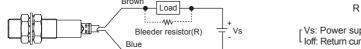
© Load connections



When using DC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected, otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

O In case of the load current is small

• DC 2-wire type



$$R \le \frac{V_s}{lo-loff} (k\Omega)$$
 $P > \frac{V_s^2}{R} (W$

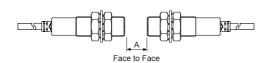
[Vs: Power supply, lo: Min. action current of proximity sensor, off: Return current of load, P: Number of Bleeder resistance watt

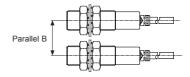
Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel.

XW value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

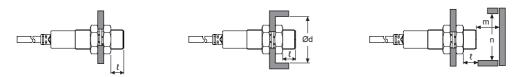
O Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to keep a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates. Do NOT connect the sensors more than three in parallel.





When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, it is required to protect the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



(unit: mm)

Model Item	PRFDT12-3DO-V	PRFDT18-7DO-V	PRFDT30-12DO-V
A	40	65	110
В	35	60	100
ł	0	0	0
Ød	12	18	30
m	12	28	48
n	40	60	100

D-6 Autonics